

Product Description

LOCTITE® 603 provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Acrylic			
Chemical type	Urethane methacrylate			
Appearance (uncured)	Green liquid ^{LMS}			
Fluorescence	Positive under UV light ^{LMS}			
Components	One component, requires no mixing			
Viscosity	Low			
Cure	Anaerobic			
Secondary cure	Activator			
Application	Retaining			
Strength	High			

LOCTITE® 603 is designed for the bonding of cylindrical fitting parts, particularly where consistently clean surfaces cannot be assured. The product cures when confined in the absence of air between close fitting metal surfaces and prevents loosening and leakage from shock and vibration. Typical applications include retaining roller bearings or oil impregnated bushings into housings.

NSF International

Registered to NSF Category P1 for use as a sealant where there is no possibility of food contact in and around food processing areas. Note: this is a regional approval. Please contact your local Technical Service Centre for more information and clarification.

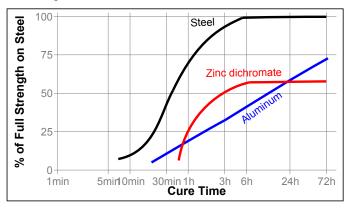
Typical Properties of Uncured Material

Specific Gravity @ 25°C	1.1				
Flash point – see SDS					
Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25°C, mPa⋅s (cP):					
Spindle 1, speed 20 rpm	100 to 150 ^{LMS}				
Viscosity, EN 12092 - MV, 25°C, after 180 s, mPa·s (cP):					
Shear rate 277 s ⁻¹	90 to 180				

Typical Curing Performance

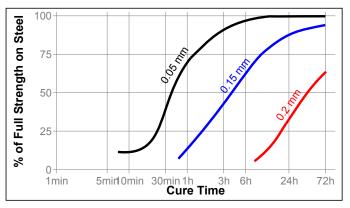
Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time on steel pins and collars compared to different materials and tested according to ISO 10123.



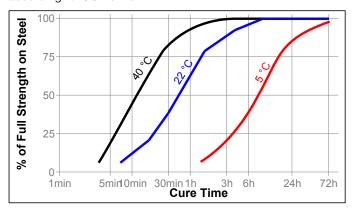
Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. The following graph shows shear strength developed with time on steel pins and collars at different controlled gaps and tested according to ISO 10123.



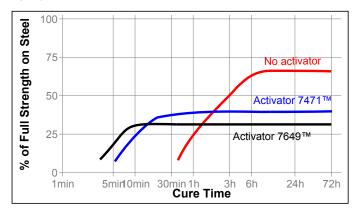
Cure Speed vs. Temperature

The rate of cure will depend on the temperature. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time at different temperatures on steel pins and collars and tested according to ISO 10123.



Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long, or large gaps are present, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. The graph below shows the shear strength developed with time on zinc dichromate steel pins and collars using Activator 7471™ and 7649™ and tested according to ISO 10123.



Typical Properties of Cured Material

Physical Properties

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K ⁻¹	80×10 ⁻⁶	
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)	0.1	
Specific Heat, kJ/(kg·K)	0.3	

Typical Performance of Cured Material

Adhesive Properties

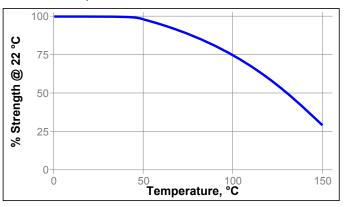
After 24 hours @ 22°C					
Compressive Shear Strength, ISO 10123:	N/mm²	psi			
Steel pins and collars	≥22.5 ^{LMS}	3,260			
After 30 minutes @ 22°C					
Compressive Shear Strength, ISO 10123:	N.m	lb.in.			
Steel pins and collars	≥13.5 ^{LMS}	1,960			

Typical Environmental Resistance

Cured for 1 week @ 22°C
Compressive Shear Strength, ISO 10123:
Steel pins and collars

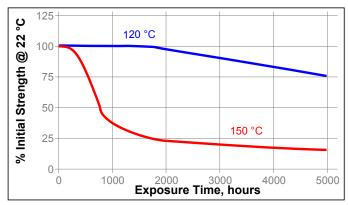
Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22°C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22°C

		% of initial strength		
Environment	°C	100 h	500 h	1000 h
Motor oil (MIL-L-46152)	125	100	100	100
Unleaded petrol	22	100	90	85
Brake fluid	22	100	90	80
Water/glycol 50/50	87	100	90	80
Ethanol	22	100	100	75
Acetone	22	90	90	90

General Information

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials.

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

Where aqueous washing systems are used to clean the surfaces before bonding, it is important to check for compatibility of the washing solution with the adhesive. In some cases these aqueous washes can affect the cure and performance of the adhesive.

This product is not normally recommended for use on plastics (particularly thermoplastic materials where stress cracking of the plastic could result). Users are recommended to confirm compatibility of the product with such substrates.

Directions for Use:

For assembly

- 1 For best results, clean all surfaces (external and internal) with a LOCTITE® cleaning solvent and allow to dry.
- 2 If the material is an inactive metal or the cure speed is too slow, spray with Activator 7471™ or 7649™ and allow to dry.
- 3 For slip fitted assemblies, apply adhesive around the leading edge of the pin and the inside of the collar and use a rotating motion during assembly to ensure good coverage.
- 4 For press fitted assemblies, apply adhesive thoroughly to both bond surfaces and assemble at high press on rates.
- 5 For shrink fitted assemblies the adhesive should be coated onto the pin, the collar should then be heated to create sufficient clearance for free assembly.
- 6 Parts should not be disturbed until sufficient handling strength is achieved.

For disassembly

1 Apply localized heat to the assembly to approximately 250°C. Disassemble while hot.

For cleanup

1 Cured product can be removed with a combination of soaking in a Loctite solvent and mechanical abrasion such as a wire brush.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated September 1, 1995. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labelling.

Optimal Storage: 8°C to 21°C. Storage below 8°C or greater than 28°C can adversely affect product properties.

Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Centre or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$

 $kV/mm \times 25.4 = V/mil$

mm / 25.4 = inches

 μ m / 25.4 = mil

 $N \times 0.225 = lb$

 $N/mm \times 5.71 = Ib/in$

 $N/mm^2 x 145 = psi$

MPa x 145 = psi

 $N \cdot m \times 8.851 = Ib \cdot in$

 $N \cdot m \times 0.738 = Ib \cdot ft$

 $N \cdot mm \times 0.142 = oz \cdot in$

mPa⋅s = cP