LVLP Spray Gun

Model No.: AP100B





Model No.: 100B



Read this Instruction Manual carefully and understand it completely, basic precaution should be strictly followed to prevent the damage to the tool and injury to the operator. Retain this manual for further reference. And you should pay more attention to the Technical Data.

CONTAIN:

- Description
- **Technical Data**
- Important Safety Instruction
- Instructions for Operation
- Maintenance/Storing
- Troubleshooting/Repairs
- Parts List

Description









2016





A touch up spray gun100B: is ideal for refinishing a classic car in small scales or a wide variety of other projects in small scales. this Touch Up paint sprayer features fluid and fan controls to offer a wide variety of patterns. It is supplied with a 200cc suction feed Alum. cup.

Technical Data

Type of Feed	Suction	Recommended air pressure	3.0-4.0bar (45 – 60psi)
Air Inlet	1/4"	Max. Working of air	4.0 bar (60psi)
Standard Dia of Nozzle	1.5mm	Avg. Air Consumption	119-181 l/min (4.2-6.4cfm)
Pattern Width	130-180mm(5.1-7.1")	A-weighted sound pressure level	70.7 dB(A)
Weight	0.44kgs (0.96 lbs)	Sound power level	81.7 dB(A)
Paint Capacity	200cc		

Important Safety Instructions

- 1. For toxic vapors produced by spraying certain materials can create intoxication and serious damage to health. Always wear safety glasses, gloves and respirator to prevent the toxic vapor hazard, solvent and pointing paint coming into contact your eyes or skin. (see fig 1)
- 2. Never use oxygen, combustible or any other bottle gas as a power source or would cause explosion and serious personal injury. (see fig 2)
- 3.Fluid and solvent can be highly flammable or combustible. Use in well-ventilated spray booth and avoid any ignition sources, such as smoking, open flames and decrial hazard. (see fig 3)
- 4.Disconnect tool from air supply hose before doing tool maintenance and during stop and prevention of unintended operation, a ball valve near the gun to air supply is recommend.

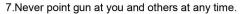






5.Use clean, dry and regulate compressed air rated at 3.0-4.0bar, never exceed maximum permissive operating pressure 4.0bar (see fig 4)

6.Never use homogenate hydrocarbon solvent, which can chemically react with aluminum and zinc parts and chemically compatible with aluminum and zinc pats.



8.Before operating the tool, make sure all the screws & caps are securely tightened in case of leaking;

9. Before painting, make inspection for free movement of trigger and nozzle to insure tool can operate well.

10. Never modify this tool for any applications. Only use parts, nozzles and accessories recommended and accessories recommended by manufactures.

Instructions For Operation

Preparation

- 1. After unpacking the product, inspect carefully for any damage that may have occurred during transit. Make sure to tighten fittings, bolts, etc., before putting unit into service.
- 2. Thoroughly mix and thin paint in accordance with the paint manufacturer's instructions. Most materials will spray readily if thinned properly.
- 3. Strain material through filter, cheese cloth or a paint strainer.
- Fill the canister about 3/4 full and start the air compressor.

WARNING DO NOT EXCEED Spray Gun or any other parts in the compressor system MAXIMUM PRESSURE.

- After Connect the gun to air supply, please make sure that the fluid cap, container and air hose have been connected tightly with spray gun.
- Set up a piece of cardboard or other scrap material to use as a target and adjust for best spray pattern.

WARNING Never aim or spray at yourself or anybody else which would cause serious injury.

Test the consistency of the material by making a few strokes on a cardboard target. If material still appears too thick, add a small amount of thinner. THIN WITH CARE! Do not exceed paint manufacturer's thinning recommendations.

Adjustment

The desired pattern, volume of fluid output and fine atomization can easily be obtained by regulating the Pattern Adjusting Knob, Fluid Adjusting Knob

PATTERN ADJUSTMENT: Turning Pattern Adjusting Knob to the right until tight will make spray pattern round, or turning left make spray pattern ellipse.

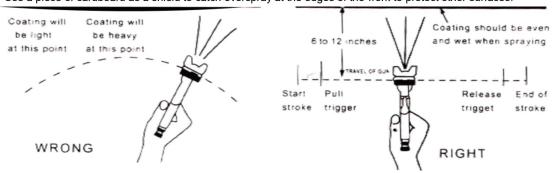
Fluid(PAINT) ADJUSTMENT: Turn the Paint Adjusting Knob clockwise will decrease the volume of fluid output and counter-clockwise will increase fluid output.



- Begin spraying. Always keep the gun at right angles to the work. 1
- Keep the nozzle about 15 to 23cm from the work surface. Grip the gun keeping perpendicular with spraying area then move it parallel for several times, Stopping gun movement in mid-stroke will cause a build up of paint and result in runs. Do not fan the gun from side to side while painting. This will cause a build-up of paint in the center of the stroke and an insufficient coating at each end.
- 3. Trigger the gun properly. Start the gun moving at the beginning of the stroke BEFORE SQUEEZING THE TRIGGER and release the trigger BEFORE STOPPING GUN MOVEMENT at the end of the stroke. This procedure will blend each stroke with the next without showing overlap or unevenness.
- The amount of paint being applied can be varied by the speed of the stroke, distance from the surface and adjustment of the fluid control knob.
- Overlap strokes just enough to obtain an even coat.

NOTE: Two thin coats of paint will yield better results and have less chance of runs than one heavy layer.

Use a piece of cardboard as a shield to catch overspray at the edges of the work to protect other surfaces.





♦ Maintenance

Incomplete cleaning could cause function failures and a degradation of the fan form.

- 1. Remove any remaining paint by pouring it into another container.
- 2. Disassemble the spray gun making sure to remove the needle before disassembling the nozzle to avoid damage to the housing of the nozzle closure.
- 3. Clean all the paint passages and the nozzle. Clean the other components using a brush soaked in solvent.
- 4. Reassemble the spray gun and spray a small quantity of solvent to eliminate all the residues in the paint passages.

WARNING:

NEVER USE METAL OR OTHER OBJECTS THAT COULD DAMAGE THE HOLES IN THE NOZZLE AND CAP. NEVER IMMERSE THE SPRAY GUN COMPLETELY IN SOLVENT. NEVER USE COMPONENTS OR PARTS THAT ARE NOT MANUFACTURER ORIGINALS.

Storing

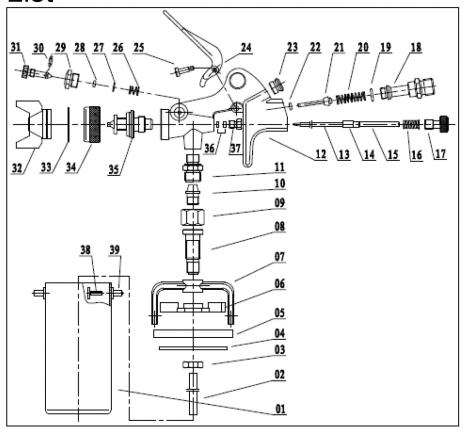
- When not using spray gun, turn the fluid adjustment knob counter-clockwise to open which will reduce spring tension on needle fluid tip.
- Spray gun MUST BE well cleaned and lightly lubricated.

Trouble shooting

Symptom	Problems	Solution	
Fluttering or	Material level tool low.	Add material into container.	
spitting	Container tipped too far.	2. Hold more upright.	
	3. Loose fluid inlet connection.	3. Tighten.	
	4. Loose or damaged fluid tip/seat.	4. Adjust or replace.	
	5. Dry or loose fluid needle packing nut.	5. Lubricate and or tighten.	
	6. Air vent clogged	6. Clear vent hole.	
Pattern is arc.	Worn or loose Fluid nozzle.	Tighten or replace Fluid nozzle.	
	2. Material build up on Air cap.	2. Remove obstructions from holes,	
		but don't use metal objects to clean it.	
Pattern is not Evenly	Material build up on Air cap.	Clean or replace Air cap.	
spread.	2. Fluid nozzle dirty or worn.	2. Clean or replace Fluid nozzle.	
The center of Pattern too	Material too thin or not enough.	Regulate material viscosity.	
narrow.	2. Atomization air pressure too high.	2. Reduce air pressure.	
Pattern width of fan-sharp	Material too thick.	Regulate material viscosity.	
is not enough.	2. Atomization air pressure too low.	2. Increase air pressure.	
Air leaking from air cap	Sticking air valve stem	1. Lubricate	
without pulling trigger	2. Contaminate on air valve or seat	2. Clean	
	Worn or damaged air valve or seat	3. Replace	
	Broken air valve spring	4. Replace	
	5. Bent valve stem	5. Replace	
Fluid leaking from	Packing nut loose	Tighten, but do not restrict needle	
packing nut	2. Packing worn or dry	2. Replace or lubricate (non-silicone oil)	
Excessive overspray	Too high atomization pressure	Reduce pressure	
	2. Too far from work surface	2. Adjust to proper distance	
	3. Improper stroking (arcing, gun motion too fast)	Move at moderate pace, parallel to surface.	
Will not spray	No pressure at gun	Check air lines	
	2. Fluid control not open enough	2. Open fluid control	
	3. Fluid too heavy	3. Thin fluid or change to pressure feed system.	

Note: Repairs should be carried out by a qualified person.

Parts List



No	K3 Code	Description	Qty.	No	K3 Code	Description	Qty.
1	05.01.48.01.023	Cup	1	21	03.01.02.012.009	Air Valve	1
2		Paint tube	1	22	03.05.01.103	O-ring(2.4*1.8)	1
3		Screw	1	23	03.01.02.012.026	End Cap	1
4		Washer	1	24	03.01.02.012.031-02	Trigger	1
5		Cup lid	1	25	03.01.02.012.030	Trigger Pin	1
6		Open-Close Handle	1	26	03.01.02.012.005	Compressed Spring	1
7		Hook	1	27	03.01.02.012.006	Washer	1
8		Paint Inlet Plug	1	28	03.05.01.167	O-ring(3.75*1.8)	1
9		Nut	1	29	03.01.02.012.008	Pattern Adj. Screw Seat	1
10		Paint Inlet Nozzle	1	30	03.01.02.012.007	Pin	1
11	03.01.02.012.022	Paint Inlet Connection	1	31	03.01.02.012.004-01	Pattern Screw Plug	1
12	03.01.02.012.048-03	Gun Body	1	32	03.01.02.012.010-06	Atomization	1
13	03.01.02.012.003-04	Fluid Needle Set	1	33		Jump ring	1
14		Adjust Sleeve	1	34		Round Nut	1
15		Spring Core	1	35	03.01.02.012.025-01	Nozzle	1
16	03.01.02.012.032	Needle Spring	1	36	03.01.02.012.024	Washer	2
17	03.01.02.012.029-01	Paint Adj. Screw	1	37	03.01.02.012.028	Direction Screw	1
18		Air Inlet Plug	1	38		Pin	2
19		O-ring	1	39		Pin Cover	2
20	03.01.02.012.023	Switch Spring	1				

Note: If you need spare parts of this model, pls feel free to contact us or the distributor where you bought this tool. Tks!